#### § 1008.24

provided in paragraph (a) of this section, an opportunity for interested persons to submit written comments consisting of data, views, or arguments regarding such use to DOE, shall be provided.

## § 1008.24 Criminal penalties—failure to publish a system notice.

Subsection (i)(2) of the Act provides that an agency officer or employee who willfully maintains a system of records without publishing a system notice as required by subsection (e)(4) of the Act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and fined up to \$5,000.

# PART 1009—GENERAL POLICY FOR PRICING AND CHARGING FOR MATERIALS AND SERVICES SOLD BY DOE

Sec.

1009.1 Purpose and scope.

1009.2 Definitions.

1009.3 Policy.

1009.4 Exclusions.

1009.5 Supersessions.

1009.6 Dissemination of prices and charges.

AUTHORITY: Sec. 644 of the Dept. of Energy Organization Act, Pub. L. 95-91, 91 Stat. 565 (42 U.S.C. 7254); Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.) "User Fee Statue", 31 U.S.C. 483a, 42 U.S.C. 2111, 2112 and 2201.

SOURCE: 45 FR 70430, Oct. 24, 1980, unless otherwise noted.

### § 1009.1 Purpose and scope.

- (a) This part establishes Department of Energy policy for establishing prices and charges for Department materials and services sold to organizations and persons outside the Federal Government.
- (b) This part applies to all elements of the Department except the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

### § 1009.2 Definitions.

For the purposes of this regulation:

(a) Allocable cost means a cost allocable to a particular cost objective (i.e., a specific function, project, process, or organization) if the costs incurred are chargeable or assignable to such cost objectives in accordance with the relative benefits received or other

equitable relationships. Subject to the foregoing, a cost is allocable if:

- (1) It is incurred solely for materials or services sold;
- (2) It benefits both the customer and the Department in proportions that can be approximated through use of reasonable methods, or
- (3) It is necessary to the overall operation of the Department and is deemed to be assignable in part to materials or services sold.
- (b) Byproduct material means any radioactive material (except special nuclear material) yielded in or made radioactive by exposure to the radiation incident to the process of producing or utilizing special nuclear material.
- (c) Charges means an accumulation of job related costs for materials and services sold by the Department.
- (d) Commerical price means the price that a willing buyer is currently paying or would pay a willing seller for materials and services in the market.
- (e) *Direct cost* is any cost which can be identified specifically with a particular final cost objective.
- (f) Full cost includes all direct costs and all allocable costs of producing the material or providing the service consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Direct costs and allocable costs may include, but are not limited to, the following cost elements:
  - (1) Direct labor.
  - (2) Personnel fringe benefits.
  - (3) Direct materials.
  - (4) Other direct costs.
- (5) Processing materials and chemicals
- (6) Power and other utilities.
- (7) Maintenance.
- (8) Indirect cost, i.e., common costs which cannot be directly assigned to specific cost objectives and are therefore allocated to cost objectives in a systematic cost allocation process.
- (9) Depreciation which includes depreciation costs that are directly associated with facilities and equipment utilized, and allocated depreciation costs for support and general facilities and equipment.
- (10) Added factor includes general and administrative costs and other support costs that are incurred for the